UNITED NATIONS

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General Assembly

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GENERAL

A/47/317
9 July 1992

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Forty-seventh session
Items 37 and 80 of the preliminary list*

STRENGTHENING OF THE COORDINATION OF HUMANITARIAN EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE OF THE UNITED NATIONS

REPORT OF THE UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE ON ENVIRONMENT AND DEVELOPMENT

Letter dated 8 July 1992 from the Permanent Representatives of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

We have the honour, on behalf of the Governments of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania, to transmit to you the text of an address by the Heads of State of the Baltic countries to the Heads of State and Governments of the Baltic Sea States, to the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe and to the United Nations. This document was signed on the occasion of the meeting of the three Baltic leaders in Tallinn, Estonia, on 26 June 1992 (see annex).

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We would appreciate it if the text of the present letter and its annex would be circulated as an official document of the General Assembly under items 37 and 80 of the preliminary list.

(Signed) Ernst JAAKSON
Ambassador
Permanent Representative of the
Republic of Estonia to the
United Nations

(Signed) Aivars BAUMANIS
Ambassador
Permanent Representative of the
Republic of Latvia to the
United Nations

(Signed) Anicetas SIMUTIS
Ambassador
Permanent Representative of the
Republic of Lithuania to the
United Nations

ANNEX

Council of the Baltic States

Address by the Heads of State of the Baltic countries to the Heads of State and Governments of the Baltic Sea States, to the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe and to the United Nations

During the first years following the Second World War, the Soviet Union buried in the Baltic Sea hundreds of thousands of tons of poisonous materials intended for military use. The largest part of these is buried on the boundaries of the territorial waters of Latvia and Lithuania. The leakage of poisonous substances through the corrosion of these containers, shells and airplane bombs (which has already been noticed) is a real threat to the life and health of millions of people and threatens all life in the Baltic Sea. The consequences of the above-mentioned potential catastrophe are unpredictable also for the North Sea Basin and the countries surrounding it.

To prevent an ecological catastrophe, the Council of the Baltic States turns to the Heads of State and Governments of the Baltic Sea States, but above all to Russia which has, according to the Charter of the United Nations, stated that, as the successor to the Soviet Union, it takes upon itself all rights and duties of the former USSR, and to the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe and to the United Nations Organization, with the proposal and appeal to form a special international commission of experts under the aegis of the Council of the Baltic Sea States to study as rapidly as possible this extremely dangerous ecological situation; and, during the last week of September 1992 - on the International Day of the Sea - to convene a conference to resolve this problem with the participation of all interested States, if possible with the participation of Heads of State and Government.

(Signed)	(Signed)	(Signed)
Arnold RUUTEL	Anatolijs GORBUNOVS	Vytautas LANDSBERGIS
Chairman of the Supreme Council Republic of Estonia	Chairman of the Supreme Council Republic of Latvia	President of the Supreme Council Republic of Lithuania

Tallinn, 26 June 1992

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General Assembly Security Council

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10 July 1992

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GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-seventh session
Item 69 of the preliminary list*
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
DECLARATION ON THE STRENGTHENING
OF INTERNATIONAL SECURITY

SECURITY COUNCIL
Forty-seventh year

Letter dated 9 July 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Czechoslovakia to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

On behalf of the Chairman-in-Office of the Council of Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, I have the honour to transmit herewith the decision of the Committee of Senior Officials of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe on Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro), adopted at its 13th meeting, on 8 July 1992 (see annex).

I would be most grateful if you could kindly have the text of the present letter and its annex distributed as a document of the General Assembly, under item 69 of the preliminary list, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Eduard KUKAN
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

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ANNEX

Decision of the Committee of Senior Officials of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe on Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro), adopted at its 13th meeting, on 8 July 1992

1. With reference to the decision of the Committee of Senior Officials of 12 May 1992, and in light of the statement by the authorities of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro), it is decided that no representative of Yugoslavia will be present at the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (CSCE) Summit in Helsinki or at any subsequent meeting of CSCE until 14 October 1992.

2. This decision will be reviewed by the Committee at its meeting to be held not later than 13 October 1992, in the light of the compliance of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) with the principles, commitments and provisions of CSCE.

3. As a part of its review on compliance, the Committee will take into account the acceptance by, and cooperation of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) with CSCE missions to Kosovo, Vojvodina and Sandjak, as reflected in its decision of 10 June 1992, as well as any other missions to Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) that the Committee might decide on.

4. This decision is not directed in any way against the peoples of Serbia and Montenegro.

5. The above decision is without prejudice to the question of the future status of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro), which will be considered by the Committee as soon as possible. It is noted that the Committee will have available on that occasion information on deliberations within the United Nations and the legal opinion of the Arbitration Commission of the EC Conference on Yugoslavia.

6. The nameplate "Yugoslavia" will be kept at CSCE meetings for the time being.

7. The exploratory mission decided on by the 12th meeting of the Committee will be dispatched as soon as possible to prepare recommendations, for consideration by the Committee, on the role that further CSCE missions, of either short or long duration, might play in promoting peace, averting violence and restoring respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms in Kosovo, Vojvodina and Sandjak and in support of the efforts of the EC Peace Conference. The report of this mission will be considered by the Committee as soon as possible.

8. A Steering Group is established consisting of Austria, Canada, the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic, Germany, Greece, the Russian Federation, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland-European Community and the United States of America to submit recommendations to the Committee in respect of paragraphs 2, 5 and 7 above.

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Forty-seventh session
Item 38 of the preliminary list*

QUESTION OF THE FALKLAND ISLANDS (MALVINAS)

Letter dated 9 July 1992 from the Chargé d'Affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Argentina to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary General

I have the honour to transmit to you the resolution on the item "The Question of the Malvinas Islands", adopted by the General Assembly of the Organization of American States, by a consensus of all its members, at its twenty-second session.

The resolution was adopted at Nassau, Bahamas, on 23 May 1992 and reads as follows:

"The General Assembly,

"Bearing in mind its reiterated statement that 'The Question of the Malvinas Islands' is a matter of enduring hemispheric concern,

"Emphasizing the excellent status achieved in bilateral relations between the Argentine Republic and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Island since the resumption of their diplomatic relations, noted with satisfaction by the General Assembly in resolution AG/RES.1049 (XX-O/90) of 8 June 1990, and

"Having heard the presentation by the Minister of Foreign Affairs and Worship of the Argentine Republic,

"Welcomes the will of the Argentine Government to explore possible peaceful avenues for settlement of the controversy and, in particular, its positive considerations on the inhabitants of the Malvinas Islands, and

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* A/47/50.

"Recalls its resolution AG/RES. 928 (XVIII-O/88) requesting the Governments of the Argentine Republic and of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to resume negotiations in order to find, as soon as possible, a peaceful solution to the sovereignty dispute, and deciding to continue to examine the question of the Malvinas Islands at future sessions of the General Assembly until its definitive settlement."

I should be grateful if you would have this letter circulated as an official document of the General Assembly under item 38 of the preliminary list.

(Signed) Ernesto MARTINEZ GONDRA
Counsellor
Chargé d'affaires a.i.

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GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-seventh session
Item 14 of the preliminary list*
REPORT OF THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC
ENERGY AGENCY

SECURITY COUNCIL
Forty-seventh year

Note by the Secretary-General

The Secretary-General has the honour to transmit to the members of the General Assembly and of the Security Council a letter dated 2 July 1992 addressed to him by the Director General of the International Atmomic Energy Agency concerning his report to the Board of Governors of the Agency on non-compliance with safeguards obligations (see annex).

* A/47/50.

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ANNEX

Letter dated 2 July 1992 from the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency to the Secretary-General

On 29 April 1992, the authorities in Romania submitted a special report to the International Atomic Energy Agency requesting it to conduct a special inspection as a result of their discovery that, during the time of the former regime in Romania, laboratory-scale research studies on certain aspects of nuclear fuel reprocessing had been conducted without having been declared to the Agency.

In conformity with article XII.C of the Statute of the Agency, I reported to the Agency's Board of Governors at its 783rd meeting, on 17 June 1992, that the special inspection carried out by the Agency confirmed that such experiments had in fact taken place in December 1985 and had resulted in the separation of approximately 100 milligrams of plutonium. I reported further to the Board that, under the agreement concluded between Romania and the Agency for the application of safeguards (INFCIRC/180), this should have been reported to the Agency, and that, until the present Romanian Government on its own initiative did so, this had not been done.

The Board of Governors took note of my report of non-compliance. On the basis of the report, the Board indicated that it was satisfied that corrective action had been taken, and expressed its appreciation to the Romanian Government for having brought the matter to the attention of the Agency upon discovery of the non-compliance. The Board further decided that, in accordance with article XII.C of the Statute, which requires the Board of the Agency to report non-compliance with safeguards obligations to the Security Council and the General Assembly of the United Nations, the matter be reported to the Council and the Assembly for information purposes. I should, therefore, be grateful if you would bring this letter to the attention of the Security Council and of the General Assembly.

(Signed) Hans BLIX
Director General